

BERRY CRUMBLE FO-0126

Safety Data Sheet

according to the REACH Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 amended by Regulation (EU) 2020/878

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

| | |
|-----------------|-------------------------|
| Product form | : Mixture |
| Trade name | : BERRY CRUMBLE FO-0126 |
| UFI | : 75XT-H2GM-600H-2SDG |
| Product code | : FO-0126 |
| Type of product | : Perfumes, fragrances |
| Product group | : Trade product |

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

1.2.1. Relevant identified uses

| | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| Main use category | : Professional use, Industrial |
| Industrial/Professional use spec | use : Industrial For professional use only |
| Use of the substance/mixture | : Perfumes, fragrances |
| Function or use category | : Odour agents |

1.2.2. Uses advised against

No additional information available

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Fragrance Orchard

Neutrino,
Albert Road,
Essex CM7 3JQ
GB - United Kingdom

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : +44 (0) 1376 555185

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

| | |
|---|------|
| Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4 | H302 |
| Skin sensitisation, Category 1 | H317 |
| Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Acute Hazard, Category 1 | H400 |
| Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard, Category 2 | H411 |

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Harmful if swallowed. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Very toxic to aquatic life.

2.2. Label elements

Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms (CLP)



| | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Signal word | : Warning |
| (CLP) Contains | : benzyl benzoate; Aldehyde C-16; Oxypheylon (Raspberry ketone) crystals; Linalool; Ethyl maltol; delta-Damascone; Allyl heptanoate; Iso E Super; (R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene; d-limonene |
| Hazard statements (CLP) | : H302 - Harmful if swallowed. H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. H410 - Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| Precautionary statements (CLP) | : P261 - Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. P264 - Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling. P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. P272 - Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. P273 - Avoid release to the environment. P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection. |
| Extra phrases | : For professional users only. |

2.3. Other hazards

Contains no PBT and/or vPvB substances $\geq 0.1\%$ assessed in accordance with REACH Annex XIII

The mixture does not contain substance(s) included in the list established in accordance with Article 59(1) of REACH for having endocrine disrupting properties, or substance(s) are not identified as having endocrine disrupting properties in accordance with the criteria set out in Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 %

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

| Name | Product identifier | % | Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] |
|--|---|--------------|--|
| benzyl benzoate | CAS-No.: 120-51-4 EC-No.: 204-402-9 EC Index-No.: 607-085-00-9 REACH-no: 01-2119976371-33 | 14 – 27.9441 | Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 |
| Aldehyde C-16 | CAS-No.: 77-83-8 EC-No.: 201-061-8 REACH-no: 01-2119967770-28 | 12.5 – 25 | Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 |
| Oxypheylon (Raspberry ketone) crystals | CAS-No.: 5471-51-2 EC-No.: 226-806-4 | 2.5 – 5 | Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 |
| Linalool | CAS-No.: 78-70-6 EC-No.: 201-134-4 EC Index-No.: 603-235-00-2 REACH-no: 01-2119474016-42 | 2.3 – 4.5 | Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 |
| 1,3,4,6,7,8-hexahydro-4,6,6,7,8,8-hexamethylindeno[5,6-c]pyran; galaxolide; (HHCB) | CAS-No.: 1222-05-5 EC-No.: 214-946-9 EC Index-No.: 603-212-00-7 REACH-no: 01-2119488227-29 | 1.9 – 3.75 | Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 |
| Ethyl maltol | CAS-No.: 4940-11-8 EC-No.: 225-582-5 | 1.6 – 3.25 | Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 |

| Name | Product identifier | % | Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] |
|--|---|------------|--|
| Ethyl vanillin | CAS-No.: 121-32-4 EC-No.: 204-464-7 REACH-no: 01-211958961-24 | 1.5 – 3 | Eye Irrit. 2, H319 |
| beta-Ionone | CAS-No.: 14901-07-6 EC-No.: 238-969-9 | 0.9 – 1.75 | Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 |
| 2(3H)-Furanone, 5-heptyldihydro- | CAS-No.: 104-67-6 EC-No.: 203-225-4 REACH-no: 01-2119959333-34 | 0.7 – 1.4 | Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 |
| delta-Damascone | CAS-No.: 57378-68-4 EC-No.: 260-709-8 | 0.7 – 1.3 | Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 |
| Anisic aldehyde | CAS-No.: 123-11-5 EC-No.: 204-602-6 REACH-no: 01-2119977101-43 | 0.6 – 1.2 | Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 |
| Vanillin | CAS-No.: 121-33-5 EC-No.: 204-465-2 REACH-no: 01-2119516040-60 | 0.5 – 1 | Eye Irrit. 2, H319 |
| Benzyl acetate substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (BE, DK, ES, IE, LT, LV, PT, RO) | CAS-No.: 140-11-4 EC-No.: 205-399-7 REACH-no: 01-2119638272-42 | 0.5 – 1 | Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 |
| Allyl heptanoate | CAS-No.: 142-19-8 EC-No.: 205-527-1 REACH-no: 01-2119488961-23 | 0.4 – 0.7 | Acute Tox. 3 (Oral), H301 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation), H331 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 |
| Iso E Super | CAS-No.: 54464-57-2 EC-No.: 259-174-3 REACH-no: 01-2119489989-04 | 0.3 – 0.5 | Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 |
| isopentyl acetate substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (AT, BE, BG, CY, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GI, GR, HR, HU, IE, IT, LT, LU, LV, MT, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, NO, CH, TR); substance with a Community workplace exposure limit | CAS-No.: 123-92-2 EC-No.: 204-662-3 EC Index-No.: 607-130-00-2 REACH-no: 01-2119548408-32 | 0.1 – 0.1 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 |
| (R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene; d-limonene substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (DE, ES, FI, SI, NO, CH) | CAS-No.: 5989-27-5 EC-No.: 205-341-0 EC Index-No.: 601-096-00-2 REACH-no: 01-2119493353-35 | 0.1 – 0.1 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 |
| acetophenone substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (BE, BG, DK, ES, FI, HU, IE, LT, LV, PL, PT, RO) | CAS-No.: 98-86-2 EC-No.: 202-708-7 EC Index-No.: 606-042-00-1 REACH-no: 01-2119533169-37 | 0 – 0.05 | Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 |

| Name | Product identifier | % | Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP] |
|--|--|------------|---|
| Alcohol C-10 substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (BG, DE, LT, LV, RO, CH) | CAS-No.: 112-30-1 EC-No.: 203-956-9 | 0 – 0.0029 | Aquatic Chronic 3, H412 |
| Aldehyde C-6 substance with national workplace exposure limit(s) (FI, PL) | CAS-No.: 66-25-1 EC-No.: 200-624-5 | 0 – 0.0007 | Flam. Liq. 3, H226 |

Full text of H- and EUH-statements: see section 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

| | |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| First-aid measures general | : Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Call a poison center or a doctor if you feel unwell. : |
| First-aid measures after inhalation | : Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Allow affected person to breathe fresh air. Allow the victim to rest. |
| First-aid measures after skin contact | : Wash with plenty of water/.... If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instruction on this label). Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Remove affected clothing and wash all exposed skin area with mild soap and water, followed by warm water rinse. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash skin with plenty of water. Take off contaminated clothing. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. |
| First-aid measures after eye contact | : Rinse immediately with plenty of water. Obtain medical attention if pain, blinking or redness persists. Rinse eyes with water as a precaution. |
| First-aid measures after ingestion | : Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell. Do NOT induce vomiting. Obtain emergency medical attention. Rinse mouth. Call a poison center or a doctor if you feel unwell. |

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

| | |
|-------------------------------------|--|
| Symptoms/effects | : Not expected to present a significant hazard under anticipated conditions of normal use. : |
| Symptoms/effects after inhalation | : May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Symptoms/effects after skin contact | : May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| Symptoms/effects after ingestion | : Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard. |

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

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| Suitable extinguishing media | : Sand. Water spray. Dry powder. Foam. Carbon |
| Unsuitable extinguishing media | dioxide. : Do not use a heavy water stream. |

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

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| Hazardous decomposition products in case of fire | : Toxic fumes may be released. |
|--|--------------------------------|

5.3. Advice for firefighters

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|--------------------------------|--|
| Firefighting instructions | : Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire fighting water from entering the environment. |
| Protection during firefighting | : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing. |

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Emergency procedures : Ventilate spillage area. Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Equip cleanup crew with proper protection. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection". : Ventilate area.

Emergency procedures

6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if liquid enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment : Collect spillage.

Methods for cleaning up : Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials. : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

Other information

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Section 8. Exposure controls and personal protection. For further information refer to section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapour. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray. Wear personal protective equipment.

Hygiene measures : Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Always wash hands after handling the product.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Storage conditions : Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from
: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Incompatible products : Strong bases. Strong acids.

Incompatible materials : Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight.

Storage temperature : 25 °C

Storage area : Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from heat.

Special rules on packaging : Store in a closed container.

Packaging materials : Do not store in corrodable metal.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

No additional information available

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

8.1.1 National occupational exposure and biological limit values

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|---|--|
| isopentyl acetate (123-92-2) | |
| EU - Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit (IOEL) | |
| IOEL TWA | 270 mg/m ³ |
| | 50 ppm |
| IOEL STEL | 540 mg/m ³ |
| | 100 ppm |
| Austria - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| MAK (OEL TWA) | 270 mg/m ³ (Pentyl acetate (all isomers)) |
| | 50 ppm (Pentyl acetate (all isomers)) |
| MAK (OEL STEL) | 540 mg/m ³ (Pentylacetate) |
| | 100 ppm (Pentylacetate) |
| Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| OEL TWA | 270 mg/m ³ |
| | 50 ppm |
| OEL STEL | 540 mg/m ³ |
| | 100 ppm |
| Bulgaria - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| OEL TWA | 270 mg/m ³ |
| | 50 ppm |
| OEL STEL | 540 mg/m ³ |
| | 100 ppm |
| Croatia - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| GVI (OEL TWA) | 270 mg/m ³ |
| | 50 ppm |
| KGVI (OEL STEL) | 540 mg/m ³ |
| | 100 ppm |
| Cyprus - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| OEL TWA | 270 mg/m ³ |
| | 50 ppm |
| OEL STEL | 540 mg/m ³ |
| | 100 ppm |
| Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| OEL TWA | 271 mg/m ³ (Amyl acetate, all isomers) |
| | 50 ppm (Amyl acetate, all isomers) |
| OEL STEL | 540 mg/m ³ |
| | 100 ppm |
| Estonia - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| OEL TWA | 270 mg/m ³ |
| | 50 ppm |
| OEL STEL | 540 mg/m ³ |

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| isopentyl acetate (123-92-2) | |
| | 100 ppm |
| Finland - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| HTP (OEL TWA) | 270 mg/m ³ (Pentyl acetate) |
| | 50 ppm (Pentyl acetate) |
| HTP (OEL STEL) | 540 mg/m ³ |
| | 100 ppm |
| France - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| VME (OEL TWA) | 270 mg/m ³ (restrictive limit) |
| | 50 ppm (restrictive limit) |
| VLE (OEL C/STEL) | 540 mg/m ³ (restrictive limit) |
| | 100 ppm (restrictive limit) |
| Germany - Occupational Exposure Limits (TRGS 900) | |
| AGW (OEL TWA) | 270 mg/m ³ |
| | 50 ppm |
| Gibraltar - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| OEL TWA | 270 mg/m ³ |
| | 50 ppm |
| OEL STEL | 540 mg/m ³ |
| | 100 ppm |
| Greece - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| OEL TWA | 530 mg/m ³ |
| | 100 ppm |
| OEL STEL | 800 mg/m ³ |
| | 150 ppm |
| Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| AK (OEL TWA) | 270 mg/m ³ |
| CK (OEL STEL) | 540 mg/m ³ |
| Ireland - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| OEL TWA | 260 mg/m ³ |
| | 50 ppm |
| OEL STEL | 520 mg/m ³ |
| | 100 ppm |
| Italy - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| OEL TWA | 270 mg/m ³ |
| | 50 ppm |
| OEL STEL | 540 mg/m ³ |
| | 100 ppm |
| Latvia - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| OEL TWA | 270 mg/m ³ |

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|---|---|
| isopentyl acetate (123-92-2) | |
| | 50 ppm |
| Lithuania - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| IPRV (OEL TWA) | 270 mg/m ³ |
| | 50 ppm |
| TPRV (OEL STEL) | 540 mg/m ³ |
| | 100 ppm |
| Luxembourg - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| OEL TWA | 270 mg/m ³ |
| | 50 ppm |
| OEL STEL | 540 mg/m ³ |
| | 100 ppm |
| Malta - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| OEL TWA | 270 mg/m ³ |
| | 50 ppm |
| OEL STEL | 540 mg/m ³ |
| | 100 ppm |
| Netherlands - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| TGG-15min (OEL STEL) | 530 mg/m ³ |
| | 98.1 ppm |
| Poland - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| NDS (OEL TWA) | 250 mg/m ³ |
| NDSch (OEL STEL) | 500 mg/m ³ |
| Portugal - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| OEL TWA | 270 mg/m ³ (indicative limit value) |
| | 50 ppm (indicative limit value (Pentyl acetate, all isomers)) |
| OEL STEL | 540 mg/m ³ (indicative limit value) |
| | 100 ppm (indicative limit value) |
| Romania - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| OEL TWA | 270 mg/m ³ |
| | 50 ppm |
| OEL STEL | 540 mg/m ³ |
| | 100 ppm |
| Slovakia - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| NPHV (OEL TWA) | 270 mg/m ³ |
| | 50 ppm |
| NPHV (OEL C) | 540 mg/m ³ |
| Slovenia - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| OEL TWA | 270 mg/m ³ |
| | 50 ppm |

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| isopentyl acetate (123-92-2) | |
| OEL STEL | 540 mg/m ³ |
| | 100 ppm |
| Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| VLA-ED (OEL TWA) | 270 mg/m ³ (indicative limit value) |
| | 50 ppm (indicative limit value) |
| VLA-EC (OEL STEL) | 540 mg/m ³ |
| | 100 ppm |
| Sweden - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| NGV (OEL TWA) | 270 mg/m ³ (Pentyl acetates) |
| | 50 ppm (Pentyl acetates) |
| KGV (OEL STEL) | 540 mg/m ³ (Pentyl acetates) |
| | 100 ppm (Pentyl acetates) |
| Norway - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| Grenseverdi (OEL TWA) | 260 mg/m ³ |
| | 50 ppm |
| Korttidsverdi (OEL STEL) | 325 mg/m ³ (value calculated) |
| | 75 ppm (value calculated) |
| Switzerland - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| MAK (OEL TWA) | 260 mg/m ³ (Pentyl acetate all isomers) |
| | 50 ppm (Pentyl acetate all isomers) |
| KZGW (OEL STEL) | 260 mg/m ³ (Pentyl acetate all isomers) |
| | 50 ppm (Pentyl acetate all isomers) |
| USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| ACGIH OEL TWA | 50 ppm (Pentyl acetate, all isomers) |
| ACGIH OEL STEL | 100 ppm (Pentyl acetate, all isomers) |
| Benzyl acetate (140-11-4) | |
| Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| OEL TWA | 62 mg/m ³ |
| | 10 ppm |
| Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| OEL TWA | 61 mg/m ³ |
| | 10 ppm |
| OEL STEL | 122 mg/m ³ |
| | 20 ppm |
| Ireland - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| OEL TWA | 10 ppm |
| OEL STEL | 30 ppm (calculated) |
| Latvia - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| OEL TWA | 5 mg/m ³ |

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| Benzyl acetate (140-11-4) | |
| Lithuania - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| IPRV (OEL TWA) | 5 mg/m ³ |
| Portugal - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| OEL TWA | 10 ppm |
| OEL chemical category | A4 - Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen |
| Romania - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| OEL TWA | 50 mg/m ³ |
| | 8 ppm |
| OEL STEL | 80 mg/m ³ |
| | 13 ppm |
| Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| VLA-ED (OEL TWA) | 62 mg/m ³ |
| | 10 ppm |
| USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| ACGIH OEL TWA | 10 ppm |
| ACGIH chemical category | Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen |
| (R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene; d-limonene (5989-27-5) | |
| Finland - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| HTP (OEL TWA) | 140 mg/m ³ |
| | 25 ppm |
| HTP (OEL STEL) | 280 mg/m ³ |
| | 50 ppm |
| Germany - Occupational Exposure Limits (TRGS 900) | |
| AGW (OEL TWA) | 28 mg/m ³ (the risk of damage to the embryo or fetus can be excluded when AGW and BGW values are observed) |
| | 5 ppm (the risk of damage to the embryo or fetus can be excluded when AGW and BGW values are observed) |
| Chemical category | Skin notation, Skin sensitization |
| Slovenia - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| OEL TWA | 28 mg/m ³ |
| | 5 ppm |
| OEL STEL | 112 mg/m ³ |
| | 20 ppm |
| OEL chemical category | Potential for cutaneous absorption |
| Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| VLA-ED (OEL TWA) | 168 mg/m ³ |
| | 30 ppm |
| OEL chemical category | Sensitizer, skin - potential for cutaneous absorption |

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|--|---|
| (R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene; d-limonene (5989-27-5) | |
| Norway - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| Grenseverdi (OEL TWA) | 140 mg/m ³ |
| | 25 ppm |
| Korttidsverdi (OEL STEL) | 175 mg/m ³ (value calculated) |
| | 37.5 ppm (value calculated) |
| OEL chemical category | Allergenic substance |
| Switzerland - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| MAK (OEL TWA) | 40 mg/m ³ |
| | 7 ppm |
| KZGW (OEL STEL) | 80 mg/m ³ |
| | 14 ppm |
| OEL chemical category | Sensitizer |
| Alcohol C-10 (112-30-1) | |
| Bulgaria - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| OEL TWA | 10 mg/m ³ |
| Germany - Occupational Exposure Limits (TRGS 900) | |
| AGW (OEL TWA) | 66 mg/m ³ (the risk of damage to the embryo or fetus can be excluded when AGW and BGW values are observed) |
| | 10 ppm (the risk of damage to the embryo or fetus can be excluded when AGW and BGW values are observed) |
| Latvia - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| OEL TWA | 10 mg/m ³ |
| Lithuania - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| IPRV (OEL TWA) | 10 mg/m ³ |
| Romania - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| OEL TWA | 100 mg/m ³ |
| | 15 ppm |
| OEL STEL | 200 mg/m ³ |
| | 30 ppm |
| Switzerland - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| MAK (OEL TWA) | 66 mg/m ³ (aerosol, vapour) |
| | 10 ppm (aerosol, vapour) |
| KZGW (OEL STEL) | 66 mg/m ³ (aerosol, vapour) |
| | 10 ppm (aerosol, vapour) |
| Aldehyde C-6 (66-25-1) | |
| Finland - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| HTP (OEL STEL) | 42 mg/m ³ |
| | 10 ppm |

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|---|------------------------------------|
| Aldehyde C-6 (66-25-1) | |
| Poland - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| NDS (OEL TWA) | 40 mg/m ³ |
| NDSch (OEL STEL) | 80 mg/m ³ |
| acetophenone (98-86-2) | |
| Belgium - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| OEL TWA | 50 mg/m ³ |
| | 10 ppm |
| Bulgaria - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| OEL TWA | 5 mg/m ³ |
| Denmark - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| OEL TWA | 49 mg/m ³ |
| | 10 ppm |
| OEL STEL | 98 mg/m ³ |
| | 20 ppm |
| Finland - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| HTP (OEL TWA) | 25 mg/m ³ |
| | 5 ppm |
| Hungary - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| AK (OEL TWA) | 50 mg/m ³ |
| Ireland - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| OEL TWA | 49 mg/m ³ |
| | 10 ppm |
| OEL STEL | 147 mg/m ³ (calculated) |
| | 30 ppm (calculated) |
| Latvia - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| OEL TWA | 5 mg/m ³ |
| Lithuania - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| IPRV (OEL TWA) | 5 mg/m ³ |
| OEL chemical category | Skin notation |
| Poland - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| NDS (OEL TWA) | 50 mg/m ³ |
| NDSch (OEL STEL) | 100 mg/m ³ |
| Portugal - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| OEL TWA | 10 ppm |
| Romania - Occupational Exposure Limits | |
| OEL TWA | 100 mg/m ³ |
| | 20 ppm |
| OEL STEL | 200 mg/m ³ |
| | 41 ppm |

acetophenone (98-86-2)

Spain - Occupational Exposure Limits

| | |
|------------------|----------------------|
| VLA-ED (OEL TWA) | 50 mg/m ³ |
| | 10 ppm |

USA - ACGIH - Occupational Exposure Limits

| | |
|---------------|--------|
| ACGIH OEL TWA | 10 ppm |
|---------------|--------|

8.1.2. Recommended monitoring procedures

No additional information available

8.1.3. Air contaminants formed

No additional information available

8.1.4. DNEL and PNEC

No additional information available

8.1.5. Control banding

No additional information available

8.2. Exposure controls

8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls: Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

8.2.2. Personal protection equipment

Personal protective equipment:
Avoid all unnecessary exposure.

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):



8.2.2.1. Eye and face protection

Eye protection:

Chemical goggles or safety glasses. Safety glasses

8.2.2.2. Skin protection

Skin and body protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing

Hand protection:

Wear protective gloves.

8.2.2.3. Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection:

Wear appropriate mask

8.2.2.4. Thermal hazards

No additional information available

8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Environmental exposure controls:

Avoid release to the environment.

Other information:

Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

| | |
|---|--|
| Physical state | : Liquid |
| Colour | : light yellow. amber. Conforms to standard. |
| Odour | : characteristic. |
| Odour threshold | : Not available |
| Melting point | : Not applicable |
| Freezing point | : Not available |
| Boiling point | : Not available |
| Flammability | : Not applicable |
| Lower explosion limit | : Not available |
| Upper explosion limit | : Not available |
| Flash point | : > 93 °C |
| Auto-ignition temperature | : Not available |
| Decomposition temperature | : Not available |
| pH | : Not available |
| Viscosity, kinematic | : Not available |
| Solubility | : Not available |
| Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow) | : Not available |
| Vapour pressure | : Not available |
| Vapour pressure at 50°C | : Not available |
| Density | : Not available |
| Relative density | : ≈ 1.08 |
| Relative vapour density at 20°C | : Not available |
| Particle characteristics | : Not applicable |

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

No additional information available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

No additional information available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

The product is non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

10.2. Chemical stability

Not established.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong acids. Strong bases.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

fume. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity (oral) : Harmful if swallowed.
Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified
Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

SUGARED BERRY #TCDL-CFRA-BOWL-NSUB

| | |
|----------------|---------------------------|
| ATE CLP (oral) | 1386.921 mg/kg bodyweight |
|----------------|---------------------------|

benzyl benzoate (120-51-4)

| | |
|---------------|-----------------------------|
| LD50 oral rat | 500 mg/kg (Source: NLM_CIP) |
|---------------|-----------------------------|

| | |
|-----------|-----------------------|
| LD50 oral | 1160 mg/kg bodyweight |
|-----------|-----------------------|

| | |
|--------------------|------------------------------|
| LD50 dermal rabbit | 4000 mg/kg (Source: NLM_CIP) |
|--------------------|------------------------------|

Aldehyde C-16 (77-83-8)

| | |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| LD50 oral rat | 5470 mg/kg (Source: NLM_CIP) |
|---------------|------------------------------|

| | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|
| LD50 dermal rat | > 2000 mg/kg (Source: ECHA_API) |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|

Oxyphellon (Raspberry ketone) crystals (5471-51-2)

| | |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| LD50 oral rat | 1320 mg/kg (Source: NLM_CIP) |
|---------------|------------------------------|

| | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|
| LD50 dermal rat | > 2000 mg/kg (Source: ECHA_API) |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|

Linalool (78-70-6)

| | |
|-----------|-----------------------|
| LD50 oral | 2790 mg/kg bodyweight |
|-----------|-----------------------|

2(3H)-Furanone, 5-heptyldihydro- (104-67-6)

| | |
|---------------|-------------------------------|
| LD50 oral rat | 18500 mg/kg (Source: NLM_CIP) |
|---------------|-------------------------------|

| | |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|
| LD50 dermal rat | > 2000 mg/kg (Source: ECHA) |
|-----------------|-----------------------------|

Ethyl vanillin (121-32-4)

| | |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| LD50 oral rat | 1590 mg/kg (Source: NLM_CIP) |
|---------------|------------------------------|

| | |
|-----------|-----------------------|
| LD50 oral | 3000 mg/kg bodyweight |
|-----------|-----------------------|

| | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|
| LD50 dermal rat | > 2000 mg/kg (Source: ECHA_API) |
|-----------------|---------------------------------|

Ethyl maltol (4940-11-8)

| | |
|---------------|------------------------------|
| LD50 oral rat | 1150 mg/kg (Source: NLM_CIP) |
|---------------|------------------------------|

| | |
|-----------|-----------------------|
| LD50 oral | 1200 mg/kg bodyweight |
|-----------|-----------------------|

| | |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| LD50 dermal rabbit | > 5000 mg/kg (Source: ECHA_API) |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|

delta-Damascone (57378-68-4)

| | |
|-----------|-----------------------|
| LD50 oral | 1400 mg/kg bodyweight |
|-----------|-----------------------|

beta-Ionone (14901-07-6)

| | |
|---------------|-------------------------------|
| LD50 oral rat | 4590 mg/kg (Source: NLM_HSDB) |
|---------------|-------------------------------|

| | |
|-----------|-----------------------|
| LD50 oral | 3940 mg/kg bodyweight |
|-----------|-----------------------|

1,3,4,6,7,8-hexahydro-4,6,6,7,8,8-hexamethylindeno[5,6-c]pyran; galaxolide; (HHCb) (1222-05-5)

| | |
|---------------|---------------------------------|
| LD50 oral rat | > 3250 mg/kg (Source: CHEMVIEW) |
|---------------|---------------------------------|

| | |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| LD50 dermal rabbit | > 3250 mg/kg (Source: CHEMVIEW) |
|--------------------|---------------------------------|

| | |
|---|---|
| 1,3,4,6,7,8-hexahydro-4,6,6,7,8,8-hexamethylindeno[5,6-c]pyran; galaxolide; (HHCb) (1222-05-5) | |
| LC50 Inhalation - Rat | > 5.04 mg/l/4h |
| Vanillin (121-33-5) | |
| LD50 dermal rabbit | > 5010 mg/kg (Source: OECD_SIDS) |
| LD50 dermal | 2600 mg/kg bodyweight |
| Anisic aldehyde (123-11-5) | |
| LD50 oral rat | 3210 mg/kg (Source: ECHA) |
| LD50 oral | 3210 mg/kg bodyweight |
| LD50 dermal rabbit | > 5000 mg/kg (Source: EPA_HPv) |
| LC50 Inhalation - Rat | > 0.32 mg/l (Exposure time: 7 h Source: ECHA) |
| Benzyl acetate (140-11-4) | |
| LD50 oral rat | 2490 mg/kg (Source: JAPAN_GHS) |
| LD50 oral | 2490 mg/kg bodyweight |
| LD50 dermal rabbit | > 5000 mg/kg (Source: JAPAN_GHS) |
| Allyl heptanoate (142-19-8) | |
| LD50 oral rat | 500 mg/kg (Source: NLM_CIP) |
| LD50 oral | 218 mg/kg bodyweight |
| LD50 dermal rabbit | 810 mg/kg (Source: ECHA_API) |
| LD50 dermal | 810 mg/kg bodyweight |
| (R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene; d-limonene (5989-27-5) | |
| LD50 oral rat | 4400 mg/kg (Source: CHEMVIEW) |
| LD50 dermal rabbit | > 5 g/kg (Source: CHEMVIEW) |
| Alcohol C-10 (112-30-1) | |
| LD50 oral rat | 4720 mg/kg (Source: NZ_CCID) |
| LD50 dermal rabbit | 3560 mg/kg (Source: NLM_CIP) |
| Aldehyde C-6 (66-25-1) | |
| LD50 oral rat | 4890 mg/kg (Source: NLM_CIP) |
| LD50 dermal rabbit | > 8100 mg/kg (Source: ECHA_API) |
| acetophenone (98-86-2) | |
| LD50 oral rat | 900 mg/kg (Source: JAPAN_GHS) |
| LD50 oral | 500 mg/kg bodyweight |
| LD50 dermal rat | 3300 mg/kg (Source: ECHA_API) |
| LC50 Inhalation - Rat | > 2.13 mg/l (Exposure time: 8 h Source: CHEMVIEW) |
| Skin corrosion/irritation Serious | : Not classified |
| eye damage/irritation | : Not classified |
| Respiratory or skin sensitisation | : May cause an allergic skin |
| Germ cell mutagenicity | reaction. : Not classified |
| Carcinogenicity | : Not classified |
| Benzyl acetate (140-11-4) | |
| IARC group | 3 - Not classifiable |

(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene; d-limonene (5989-27-5)

| | |
|------------------------|----------------------|
| IARC group | 3 - Not classifiable |
| Reproductive toxicity | : Not classified |
| STOT-single exposure | : Not classified |
| STOT-repeated exposure | : Not classified |
| Aspiration hazard | : Not classified |

benzyl benzoate (120-51-4)

| | |
|----------------------|-------------|
| Viscosity, kinematic | 7.456 mm²/s |
|----------------------|-------------|

11.2. Information on other hazards

11.2.1. Endocrine disrupting properties

No additional information available

11.2.2. Other information

Potential adverse human health effects and symptoms : Harmful if swallowed, Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

| | |
|---|--|
| Ecology - general | : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Very toxic to aquatic life. |
| Hazardous to the aquatic environment, short-term (acute) | : Very toxic to aquatic life. |
| Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term (chronic) | : Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |

benzyl benzoate (120-51-4)

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| LC50 - Fish [1] | 2.32 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Danio rerio [semi-static] Source: ECHA) |
| NOEC (chronic) | 0.168 mg/l |

Aldehyde C-16 (77-83-8)

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| LC50 - Fish [1] | 4.2 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [semi-static] Source: ECHA) |
|-----------------|--|

Linalool (78-70-6)

| | |
|----------------------|--|
| EC50 96h - Algae [1] | 88.3 mg/l (Species: Desmodesmus subspicatus) |
|----------------------|--|

2(3H)-Furanone, 5-heptyldihydro- (104-67-6)

| | |
|------------------------------------|----------------|
| LC50 - Fish [1] | 569 mg/l 96 h |
| EC50 - Crustacea [1] | 5.85 mg/l 48 h |
| EC50 - Other aquatic organisms [1] | 5.94 mg/l 72 h |

Ethyl vanillin (121-32-4)

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| LC50 - Fish [1] | 81.4 – 94.3 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through] Source: EPA) |
|-----------------|--|

Ethyl maltol (4940-11-8)

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| LC50 - Fish [1] | > 85 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss Source: ECHA) |
|-----------------|---|

1,3,4,6,7,8-hexahydro-4,6,6,7,8,8-hexamethylindeno[5,6-c]pyran; galaxolide; (HHCb) (1222-05-5)

| | |
|------------------------------------|---|
| LC50 - Fish [1] | 0.452 mg/l Wolf, 1996d-27682 |
| LC50 - Other aquatic organisms [1] | > 0.14 mg/l REACH DOSSIER Pimephales promelas |

1,3,4,6,7,8-hexahydro-4,6,6,7,8,8-hexamethylindeno[5,6-c]pyran; galaxolide; (HHCb) (1222-05-5)

| | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| EC50 - Crustacea [2] | 260 µg/l REACH Dossier |
| EC50 - Other aquatic organisms [1] | 0.131 mg/l REACH Dossier |

Vanillin (121-33-5)

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| LC50 - Fish [1] | 53 – 61.3 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through] Source: EPA) |
| LC50 - Fish [2] | 88 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static] Source: EPA) |
| NOEC (acute) | 10000 mg/kg (Exposure time: 42 Days - Species: Eisenia foetida [soil dry weight]) |

(R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene; d-limonene (5989-27-5)

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| LC50 - Fish [1] | 0.619 – 0.796 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through] Source: EPA) |
| LC50 - Fish [2] | 35 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss Source: EPA) |

Alcohol C-10 (112-30-1)

| | |
|----------------------|--|
| LC50 - Fish [1] | 2.2 – 2.5 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through] Source: EPA) |
| LC50 - Fish [2] | 4.12 – 6.2 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Lepomis macrochirus [static] Source: EPA) |
| EC50 - Crustacea [1] | 3 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna) |

Aldehyde C-6 (66-25-1)

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| LC50 - Fish [1] | 12 – 16.5 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through] Source: EPA) |
|-----------------|--|

acetophenone (98-86-2)

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| LC50 - Fish [1] | 162 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through] Source: EPA) |
| LC50 - Fish [2] | 155 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static] Source: EPA) |

12.2. Persistence and degradability

BERRY CRUMBLE FO-0126

| | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Persistence and degradability | Not established. |
|-------------------------------|------------------|

benzyl benzoate (120-51-4)

| | |
|-------------------------------|---|
| Persistence and degradability | May cause long-term adverse effects in the environment. |
|-------------------------------|---|

Aldehyde C-16 (77-83-8)

| | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| Persistence and degradability | Rapidly degradable |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|

Oxyphellon (Raspberry ketone) crystals (5471-51-2)

| | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| Persistence and degradability | Rapidly degradable |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|

Linalool (78-70-6)

| | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| Persistence and degradability | Rapidly degradable |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|

2(3H)-Furanone, 5-heptyldihydro- (104-67-6)

| | |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| Persistence and degradability | Rapidly degradable |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|

| | |
|---|--------------------|
| Ethyl vanillin (121-32-4) | |
| Persistence and degradability | Rapidly degradable |
| Ethyl maltol (4940-11-8) | |
| Persistence and degradability | Rapidly degradable |
| delta-Damascone (57378-68-4) | |
| Persistence and degradability | Rapidly degradable |
| beta-Ionone (14901-07-6) | |
| Persistence and degradability | Rapidly degradable |
| 1,3,4,6,7,8-hexahydro-4,6,6,7,8,8-hexamethylindeno[5,6-c]pyran; galaxolide; (HHCb) (1222-05-5) | |
| Persistence and degradability | Rapidly degradable |
| Vanillin (121-33-5) | |
| Persistence and degradability | Rapidly degradable |
| Anisic aldehyde (123-11-5) | |
| Persistence and degradability | Rapidly degradable |
| isopentyl acetate (123-92-2) | |
| Persistence and degradability | Rapidly degradable |
| Benzyl acetate (140-11-4) | |
| Persistence and degradability | Rapidly degradable |
| Allyl heptanoate (142-19-8) | |
| Persistence and degradability | Rapidly degradable |
| Iso E Super (54464-57-2) | |
| Persistence and degradability | Rapidly degradable |
| (R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene; d-limonene (5989-27-5) | |
| Persistence and degradability | Rapidly degradable |
| Alcohol C-10 (112-30-1) | |
| Persistence and degradability | Rapidly degradable |
| Aldehyde C-6 (66-25-1) | |
| Persistence and degradability | Rapidly degradable |
| acetophenone (98-86-2) | |
| Persistence and degradability | Rapidly degradable |
| 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential | |
| BERRY CRUMBLE FO-0126 | |
| Bioaccumulative potential | Not established. |
| benzyl benzoate (120-51-4) | |
| Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) | 3.97 (at 25 °C) |
| Bioaccumulative potential | Not established. |

| | |
|---|--|
| Aldehyde C-16 (77-83-8) | |
| Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) | 2.4 (at 25 °C (cis isomer)) |
| Oxypheylon (Raspberry ketone) crystals (5471-51-2) | |
| Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) | 1.33 (at 20 °C) |
| 2(3H)-Furanone, 5-heptyldihydro- (104-67-6) | |
| Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) | 3.6 (at 25 °C) |
| Ethyl vanillin (121-32-4) | |
| Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) | 1.61 (at 25 °C) |
| Ethyl maltol (4940-11-8) | |
| Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) | 2.9 (at 25 °C) |
| beta-Ionone (14901-07-6) | |
| Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) | 1.903 (at 27 °C (at pH 5.7)) |
| 1,3,4,6,7,8-hexahydro-4,6,6,7,8,8-hexamethylindeno[5,6-c]pyran; galaxolide; (HHCb) (1222-05-5) | |
| BCF - Fish [1] | (1618 dimensionless (whole body w.w.)) |
| Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) | 5.3 (at 25 °C (at pH 7)) |
| Vanillin (121-33-5) | |
| Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) | 1.23 (at 22 °C) |
| Anisic aldehyde (123-11-5) | |
| Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) | 1.56 (at 25 °C (at pH >7.9-<8.25)) |
| isopentyl acetate (123-92-2) | |
| Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) | 2.7 (at 35 °C) |
| Benzyl acetate (140-11-4) | |
| Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) | 1.96 (at 25 °C (at pH 7)) |
| Allyl heptanoate (142-19-8) | |
| Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) | 3.97 (at 20 °C (at pH 5.3)) |
| (R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene; d-limonene (5989-27-5) | |
| Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) | 4.38 (at 37 °C (at pH 7.2)) |
| Alcohol C-10 (112-30-1) | |
| Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) | 4.5 (at 25 °C (at pH 6)) |
| Aldehyde C-6 (66-25-1) | |
| Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) | 2.3 (at 25 °C (at pH 5)) |
| acetophenone (98-86-2) | |
| Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) | 1.63 – 1.65 |

12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No additional information available

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No additional information available

12.7. Other adverse effects

Additional information : Avoid release to the environment.





SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/national laws and regulations.
Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations.
Ecological information : Avoid release to the environment.
HP Code : HP6 - "Acute Toxicity:" waste which can cause acute toxic effects following oral or dermal administration, or inhalation exposure.
HP4 - "Irritant – skin irritation and eye damage:" waste which on application can cause skin irritation or damage to the eye.
HP13 - "Sensitising:" waste which contains one or more substances known to cause sensitising effects to the skin or the respiratory organs.
HP14 - "Ecotoxic:" waste which presents or may present immediate or delayed risks for one or more sectors of the environment

SECTION 14: Transport information

In accordance with ADR / IMDG / IATA / ADN / RID

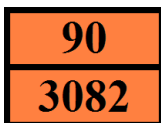
| ADR | IMDG | IATA | ADN | RID |
|---|--|--|--|----------------|
| 14.1. UN number or ID number | | | | |
| UN 3082 | UN 3082 | UN 3082 | UN 3082 | Not applicable |
| 14.2. UN proper shipping name | | | | |
| ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Hexamethylindanopyran) | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Hexamethylindanopyran) | Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Hexamethylindanopyran) | ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Hexamethylindanopyran) | Not applicable |
| Transport document description | | | | |
| UN 3082 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Hexamethylindanopyran) , 9, III, (-) | UN 3082 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Hexamethylindanopyran) , 9, III, MARINE POLLUTANT | UN 3082 Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. (Hexamethylindanopyran) , 9, III | UN 3082 ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (Hexamethylindanopyran) , 9, III | Not applicable |
| 14.3. Transport hazard class(es) | | | | |
| 9 | 9 | 9 | 9 | Not applicable |
|  |  |  |  | Not applicable |
| 14.4. Packing group | | | | |
| III | III | III | III | Not applicable |

| ADR | IMDG | IATA | ADN | RID |
|--|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| 14.5. Environmental hazards | | | | |
| Dangerous for the environment: Yes | Dangerous for the environment: Yes Marine pollutant: Yes | Dangerous for the environment: Yes | Dangerous for the environment: Yes | Not applicable |
| No supplementary information available | | | | |

14.6. Special precautions for user

Overland transport

Classification code (ADR) : M6
Special provisions (ADR) Limited quantities (ADR) Excepted quantities (ADR) Packing instructions (ADR) Special packing provisions (ADR) Mixed packing provisions (ADR) : 274, 335, 375, 601
: 5L
: E1
: P001, IBC03, LP01, R001
: PP1
: MP19
Portable tank and bulk container instructions (ADR) : T4
Portable tank and bulk container special provisions (ADR) : TP1, TP29
Tank code (ADR) : LGBV
Vehicle for tank carriage : AT
Transport category (ADR) : 3
Special provisions for carriage - Packages (ADR) : V12
Special provisions for carriage - Loading, unloading and handling (ADR) : CV13
Hazard identification number (Kemler No.) Orange plates : 90



Tunnel restriction code (ADR) : -
EAC code : •3Z

Transport by sea

Special provisions (IMDG) : 274, 335, 969
Limited quantities (IMDG) : 5 L
Excepted quantities (IMDG) : E1
Packing instructions (IMDG) : LP01, P001
Special packing provisions (IMDG) : PP1
IBC packing instructions (IMDG) : IBC03
Tank instructions (IMDG) : T4
Tank special provisions (IMDG) : TP2, TP29
EmS-No. (Fire) : F-A
EmS-No. (Spillage) : S-F
Stowage category (IMDG) : A

Air transport

PCA Excepted quantities (IATA) : E1
PCA Limited quantities (IATA) : Y964
PCA limited quantity max net quantity (IATA) PCA packing instructions (IATA) : 30kgG
: 964
PCA max net quantity (IATA) : 450L
CAO packing instructions (IATA) : 964
CAO max net quantity (IATA) : 450L
Special provisions (IATA) : A97, A158,
ERG code (IATA) A197 : 9L

Inland waterway transport

Classification code (ADN) : M6

Special provisions (ADN) : 274, 335, 375,
Limited quantities (ADN) Excepted 601 : 5 L
quantities (ADN) Carriage : E1
permitted (ADN) Equipment : T
required (ADN) Number of blue : PP
cones/lights (ADN) : 0

Rail transport
Not applicable

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

15.1.1. EU-Regulations

REACH Annex XVII (Restriction List)

EU restriction list (REACH Annex XVII)

| Reference code | Applicable on | Entry title or description |
|----------------|--|--|
| 3(a) | isopentyl acetate ; (R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene; d-limonene ; Aldehyde C-6 | Substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Hazard classes 2.1 to 2.4, 2.6 and 2.7, 2.8 types A and B, 2.9, 2.10, 2.12, 2.13 categories 1 and 2, 2.14 categories 1 and 2, 2.15 types A to F |
| 3(b) | BERRY CRUMBLE; benzyl benzoate ; Aldehyde C-16 ; Linalool ; delta-Damascone ; Allyl heptanoate ; Iso E Super ; (R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene; d-limonene ; acetophenone | Substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Hazard classes 3.1 to 3.6, 3.7 adverse effects on sexual function and fertility or on development, 3.8 effects other than narcotic effects, 3.9 and 3.10 |
| 3(c) | BERRY CRUMBLE; benzyl benzoate ; Aldehyde C-16 ; 2(3H)-Furanone, 5-heptyldihydro- ; delta-Damascone ; beta-Ionone ; 1,3,4,6,7,8-hexahydro-4,6,6,7,8,8-hexamethylindeno[5,6-c]pyran; galaxolide; (HHCB) ; Anisic aldehyde ; Benzyl acetate ; Allyl heptanoate ; Iso E Super ; (R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene; d-limonene ; Alcohol C-10 | Substances or mixtures fulfilling the criteria for any of the following hazard classes or categories set out in Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Hazard class 4.1 |
| 40. | isopentyl acetate ; (R)-p-mentha-1,8-diene; d-limonene ; Aldehyde C-6 | Substances classified as flammable gases category 1 or 2, flammable liquids categories 1, 2 or 3, flammable solids category 1 or 2, substances and mixtures which, in contact with water, emit flammable gases, category 1, 2 or 3, pyrophoric liquids category 1 or pyrophoric solids category 1, regardless of whether they appear in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 or not. |

REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

Contains no substance(s) listed on REACH Annex XIV (Authorisation List)

REACH Candidate List (SVHC)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the REACH Candidate List

PIC Regulation (Prior Informed Consent)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the PIC list (Regulation EU 649/2012 concerning the export and import of hazardous chemicals)

POP Regulation (Persistent Organic Pollutants)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the POP list (Regulation EU 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants)

Ozone Regulation (1005/2009)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Ozone Depletion list (Regulation EU 1005/2009 on substances that deplete the ozone layer)

Dual-Use Regulation (428/2009)

Contains no substance subject to the COUNCIL REGULATION (EC) No 428/2009 of 5 May 2009 setting up a Community regime for the control of exports, transfer, brokering and transit of dual-use items.

Explosives Precursors Regulation (2019/1148)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Explosives Precursors list (Regulation EU 2019/1148 on the marketing and use of explosives precursors)

Drug Precursors Regulation (273/2004)

Contains no substance(s) listed on the Drug Precursors list (Regulation EC 273/2004 on the manufacture and the placing on market of certain substances used in the illicit manufacture of narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances)

15.1.2. National regulations

France

| Occupational diseases | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Code | Description |
| RG 84 | Conditions caused by liquid organic solvents for professional use: saturated or unsaturated aliphatic or cyclic liquid hydrocarbons and mixtures thereof; liquid halogenated hydrocarbons; nitrated derivatives of aliphatic hydrocarbons; alcohols; glycols, glycol ethers; ketones; aldehydes; aliphatic and cyclic ethers, including tetrahydrofuran; esters; dimethylformamide and dimethylacetamine; acetonitrile and propionitrile; pyridine; dimethylsulfone and dimethylsulfoxide |

Germany

Water hazard class (WGK) : WGK 2, Significantly hazardous to water (Classification according to AwSV, Annex 1).
Hazardous Incident Ordinance (12. BImSchV) : Is not subject to the Hazardous Incident Ordinance (12. BImSchV)

Netherlands

ABM category : A(1) - highly toxic for aquatic organisms, may have longterm hazardous effects in aquatic environment
SZW-lijst van kankerverwekkende stoffen : None of the components are listed
SZW-lijst van mutagene stoffen : None of the components are listed
SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen – Borstvoeding : None of the components are listed
SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen – Vruchtbaarheid : None of the components are listed
SZW-lijst van reprotoxische stoffen – Ontwikkeling : None of the components are listed

Denmark

Classification remarks : Emergency management guidelines for the storage of flammable liquids must be followed :
Danish National Regulations : Young people below the age of 18 years are not allowed to use the product
Pregnant/breastfeeding women working with the product must not be in direct contact with the product

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms:

| | |
|---------|---|
| ADN | European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways |
| ADR | European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road |
| ATE | Acute Toxicity Estimate |
| BCF | Bioconcentration factor |
| BLV | Biological limit value |
| BOD | Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD) |
| COD | Chemical oxygen demand (COD) |
| DMEL | Derived Minimal Effect level |
| DNEL | Derived-No Effect Level |
| EC-No. | European Community number |
| EC50 | Median effective concentration |
| EN | European Standard |
| IARC | International Agency for Research on Cancer |
| IATA | International Air Transport Association |
| IMDG | International Maritime Dangerous Goods |
| LC50 | Median lethal concentration |
| LD50 | Median lethal dose |
| LOAEL | Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level |
| NOAEC | No-Observed Adverse Effect Concentration |
| NOAEL | No-Observed Adverse Effect Level |
| NOEC | No-Observed Effect Concentration |
| OECD | Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development |
| OEL | Occupational Exposure Limit |
| PBT | Persistent Bioaccumulative Toxic |
| PNEC | Predicted No-Effect Concentration |
| RID | Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail |
| SDS | Safety Data Sheet |
| STP | Sewage treatment plant |
| ThOD | Theoretical oxygen demand (ThOD) |
| TLM | Median Tolerance Limit |
| VOC | Volatile Organic Compounds |
| CAS-No. | Chemical Abstract Service number |
| N.O.S. | Not Otherwise Specified |
| vPvB | Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative |
| ED | Endocrine disrupting properties |

Other information : None.

| Full text of H- and EUH-statements: | |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal) | Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 3 |
| Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation) | Acute toxicity (inhal.), Category 3 |
| Acute Tox. 3 (Oral) | Acute toxicity (oral), Category 3 |
| Acute Tox. 4 (Oral) | Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4 |
| Aquatic Acute 1 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Acute Hazard, Category 1 |
| Aquatic Chronic 1 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard, Category 1 |
| Aquatic Chronic 2 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard, Category 2 |
| Aquatic Chronic 3 | Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard, Category 3 |
| Asp. Tox. 1 | Aspiration hazard, Category 1 |
| Eye Irrit. 2 | Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 2 |
| Flam. Liq. 3 | Flammable liquids, Category 3 |
| H226 | Flammable liquid and vapour. |
| H301 | Toxic if swallowed. |
| H302 | Harmful if swallowed. |
| H304 | May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. |
| H311 | Toxic in contact with skin. |
| H315 | Causes skin irritation. |
| H317 | May cause an allergic skin reaction. |
| H319 | Causes serious eye irritation. |
| H331 | Toxic if inhaled. |
| H400 | Very toxic to aquatic life. |
| H410 | Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| H411 | Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| H412 | Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. |
| Skin Irrit. 2 | Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 2 |
| Skin Sens. 1 | Skin sensitisation, Category 1 |
| Skin Sens. 1B | Skin sensitisation, category 1B |

The classification complies with : ATP 12

Safety Data Sheet (SDS), EU

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.